
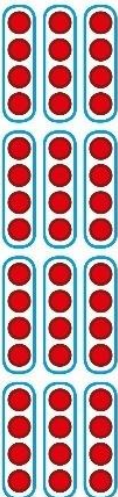
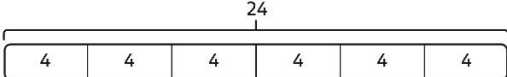
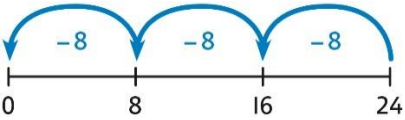
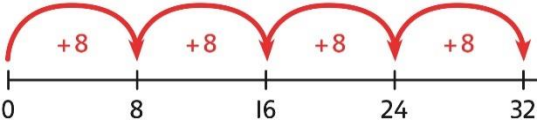

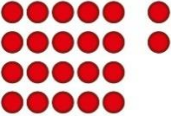

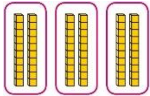
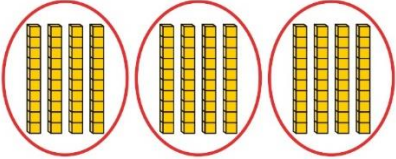
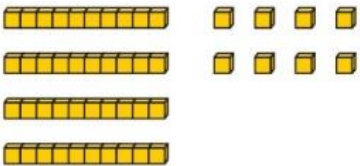
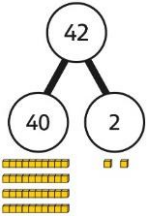
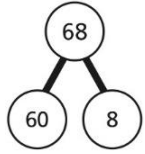
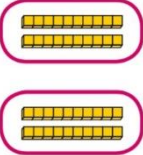

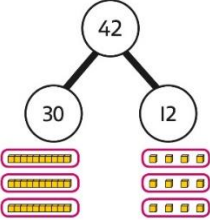




Year 3 Division			
<p>Using times-tables knowledge to divide</p>	<p>Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions.</p>  <p><i>24 divided into groups of 8. There are 3 groups of 8.</i></p>	<p>Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions.</p>  <p>$48 \div 4 = 12$</p> <p><i>48 divided into groups of 4. There are 12 groups.</i></p> <p>$4 \times 12 = 48$ $48 \div 4 = 12$</p>	<p>Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions.</p> <p><i>I need to work out 30 shared between 5.</i></p> <p><i>I know that $6 \times 5 = 30$ so I know that $30 \div 5 = 6$.</i></p> <p>A bar model may represent the relationship between sharing and grouping.</p>  <p>$24 \div 4 = 6$ $24 \div 6 = 4$</p> <p>Children understand how division is related to both repeated subtraction and repeated addition.</p>  <p>$24 \div 8 = 3$</p>  <p>$32 \div 8 = 4$</p>

<p>Understanding remainders</p>	<p>Use equipment to understand that a remainder occurs when a set of objects cannot be divided equally any further.</p>  <p><i>There are 13 sticks in total. There are 3 groups of 4, with 1 remainder.</i></p>	<p>Use images to explain remainders.</p>  <p>$22 \div 5 = 4 \text{ remainder } 2$</p>	<p>Understand that the remainder is what cannot be shared equally from a set.</p> <p>$22 \div 5 = ?$</p> <p>$3 \times 5 = 15$ $4 \times 5 = 20$ $5 \times 5 = 25 \dots \text{this is larger than } 22$ So, $22 \div 5 = 4 \text{ remainder } 2$</p>
<p>Using known facts to divide multiples of 10</p>	<p>Use place value equipment to understand how to divide by unitising.</p> <p><i>Make 6 ones divided by 3.</i></p>  <p><i>Now make 6 tens divided by 3.</i></p>  <p><i>What is the same? What is different?</i></p>	<p>Divide multiples of 10 by unitising.</p>  <p><i>12 tens shared into 3 equal groups. 4 tens in each group.</i></p>	<p>Divide multiples of 10 by a single digit using known times-tables.</p> <p>$180 \div 3 = ?$</p> <p><i>180 is 18 tens. 18 divided by 3 is 6. 18 tens divided by 3 is 6 tens.</i></p> <p>$18 \div 3 = 6$ $180 \div 3 = 60$</p>
<p>2-digit number divided by 1-digit number, no remainders</p>	<p>Children explore dividing 2-digit numbers by using place value equipment.</p>  <p>$48 \div 2 = ?$</p>	<p>Children explore which partitions support particular divisions.</p> 	<p>Children partition a number into 10s and 1s to divide where appropriate.</p>  <p>$60 \div 2 = 30$ $8 \div 2 = 4$ $30 + 4 = 34$ $68 \div 2 = 34$</p>

	<p><i>First divide the 10s.</i></p>  <p><i>Then divide the 1s.</i></p> 	<p><i>I need to partition 42 differently to divide by 3.</i></p>  <p>$42 = 30 + 12$</p> <p>$42 \div 3 = 14$</p>	<p>Children partition flexibly to divide where appropriate.</p> <p>$42 \div 3 = ?$ $42 = 40 + 2$</p> <p><i>I need to partition 42 differently to divide by 3.</i></p> <p>$42 = 30 + 12$</p> <p>$30 \div 3 = 10$ $12 \div 3 = 4$</p> <p>$10 + 4 = 14$ $42 \div 3 = 14$</p>
<p>2-digit number divided by 1-digit number, with remainders</p>	<p>Use place value equipment to understand the concept of remainder.</p> <p><i>Make 29 from place value equipment. Share it into 2 equal groups.</i></p>  <p><i>There are two groups of 14 and 1 remainder.</i></p>	<p>Use place value equipment to understand the concept of remainder in division.</p> <p>$29 \div 2 = ?$</p>  <p>$29 \div 2 = 14 \text{ remainder } 1$</p>	<p>Partition to divide, understanding the remainder in context.</p> <p><i>67 children try to make 5 equal lines.</i></p> <p>$67 = 50 + 17$ $50 \div 5 = 10$</p> <p>$17 \div 5 = 3 \text{ remainder } 2$ $67 \div 5 = 13 \text{ remainder } 2$</p> <p><i>There are 13 children in each line and 2 children left out.</i></p>

